

## Sentence Emphasis

**Parallel sentence:** words or groups of words that perform the same grammatical function in a sentence (subjects, objects, subordinate clauses, etc.)

In its energy, its lyrics, its advocacy of frustrated joys, rock is one long symphony of protest.

**Balanced sentence:** a sentence comprised of two clauses of roughly the same length and separated by comma/conjunction, semi-colon, or colon

The road lay in the white sun, and the railway ran just beyond.

**Antithesis:** balanced phrases or clauses expressing opposed ideas.

I love life; life hates me.

**Chiasmus:** when the key terms of a balanced sentence are reversed

Insecurities provoke jealousy, and jealousy breeds insecurities.

**Inverted sentence:** normal sentence pattern (SVO) is rearranged

Working with children he loves. (OSV)

Up the hill ran the football players. (OVS)

**Anaphora:** same term(s) begins successive clauses

It is Ethan who must suffer; it is Ethan who must watch his dream die.

**Anadiplosis:** the same term ends one clause and begins the next

The boys were fighting; fighting is such a petty thing.

**Antistrophe:** the same term ends successive clauses

All we need is love; everyone needs love.

**Convolutd:** when a phrases or clause breaks apart the main clause

The elevator, unless the door is closed, will not elevate.